

The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

Vol. XLI. No. 6899.

號七月九年五十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1885.

日九十月七年酉乙

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON:—E. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GORON & CO., 59, City Road, E. C. BATES & CO., 37, Walbrook, E. C. SAMUEL DRAGON & CO., 150 & 151, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE:—AMDELL PRINCE & CO., 30, Rue Lafayette, Paris. NEW YORK:—ANDREW WING, 21, Park Row.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND:—GORDON & GORON, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally:—BLACK & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.:—SAYLE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HENRIKSEN & CO., Manila.

CHINA:—MAO, F. A. DE OLIVEIRA, Sec. Gen., QUEEN & CO., Agents, HONGKONG, NICHOLS & CO., Fookien, HONGKONG & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND, \$4,500,000
REVENUE FOR EQUIPMENT, \$500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS, \$7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman—H. F. D. SASSOON.
Deputy Chairman—A. MAYER, Esq.
C. D. BORTOLINI, Esq.
H. L. DALYMPER, Esq.
W. H. FORBES, Esq.

Chief Manager—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
Manager—JAMES CAMERON, Esq.
London Branch—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " " "
" 12 " 5 " " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

NOTICE.
The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on week-days, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on week-days, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—Sum of less than \$1, or more than \$250 at one time will not be received. No depositors may deposit more than \$2,500 in any one year.

3.—Depositors in the Savings Bank having \$100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

5.—Each depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be kept in accordance with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank if marked "On Hongkong Savings Bank" is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.
Hongkong, May 1, 1885. 754

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.
40, THE ARCADE, LONDON.

BRANCHES.
In India, China, Japan and the Colonies.

THE BANK RECEIVES Money on Deposit, buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, forwards Bills for Collection, and transacts Banking and Agency Business generally on terms to be had on application.

APPROVED CLAIMS ON THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
PUBLISHED ON ADVANCE.
75 per Cent. ex Int. Dividend equal to 87 1/2 per Cent. for whole Claim.

H. A. HERBERT, Manager, Hongkong Branch.
Hongkong, July 4, 1885. 1128

THE HONGKONG HAIR DRESSING SALOON.
HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.

Intimations.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been nominated by Special Appointment COMMERCIAL AGENTS for the FOREIGN BUSINESS of HIS EXCELLENCY the VICEROY OF CHINA.

RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, August 11, 1885. 1373

CHEE WO LING KEE

HAS always on Hand STEAM LAUNCHES FOR HIRE. Charges as follows:

Wing-Shing, Wing-Chong, and Wing-Tai.
For first hour, \$2.
" second " " " \$2.
" every subsequent hour, \$1.

Wing-Pak, Wing-Loy, and Wing-Lee.
For first hour, \$3.
" second or subsequent hour, \$2.

Rates for towing Vessels and Cargo-boats, or use of LAUNCHES for Excursions to Macao, Canton, or other places may be arranged at No. 29, Wing Wo Street.

Hongkong, June 13, 1885. 970

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONDS FOR THE YEAR 1884.

SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company are requested to furnish the Undersigned with a List of their Contributions for the year ending 31st December last, in order that the DISTRIBUTION of the PROFITS reserved for Contributors may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to the 1st instant will not be considered; will be adjusted by the Company, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers, Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., Hongkong, September 1, 1885. 1502

CHAS. J. GAUPP & Co.

Chronometers, Watches & Clock Makers, Jewellers, Gold & Silver Smiths.

NAUTICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

VOYAGERS' ESSENTIALS. BINOCULARS AND TELESCOPES. RAINCOATS, LUGGAGE AND OTHER GOODS. ADMIRALTY & IMRAY CHARTS, NAUTICAL BOOKS.

English Silver & Electro-Plated Ware. Christie & Co.'s Electro-Plated Ware. GOLD & SILVER JEWELLERY, in great variety.

DIAMOND JEWELLERY. A Splendid Collection of the Latest London PATTERNS, at very moderate prices. 742

In the Matter of the Estate of Sir HARRY SMITH PARKES, Knight Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, lately Her Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the Emperor of China, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS upon or against the Estate of Sir HARRY SMITH PARKES, who died in Peking in the Empire of China, on the 22nd day of March, 1885, and Letters of Administration to whose Estate were granted by the Supreme Court of Hongkong, in its Probate Jurisdiction, to the Undersigned, one of the Executors named in the Will of the Deceased, are hereby required to send in writing to the Undersigned, on or before the 31st day of OCTOBER, 1885, the full Particulars of their Claims or Demands.

And Notice is hereby also given that as soon as possible after the Expiration of the period above mentioned, the Undersigned will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said Sir HARRY SMITH PARKES, Deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the Claims of which he shall then have had Notice and that he will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof so distributed to any Person or Persons, of whose Claim or Claims he shall not have had Notice at the time of the distribution.

All Persons INDEBTED to the Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to the Undersigned.

Dated in Hongkong, the 18th day of July, 1885.

W. KESWICK.

WILLIAM DOLAN, SAIL-MAKER & SHIP-CHANDLER.

22, PRINCE STREET.

COTTON DUCKS, HEMP CANVAS, MANILA ROPE, AMERICAN OAKUM, LIFE BUOYS, COCK JACKETS, &c., &c., &c.

Hongkong, May 1, 1885. 256

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

CONTRIBUTING SHAREHOLDERS are requested to send in a Statement of Business Contributed during the Half-Year ended 30th June, 1885, on or before the 30th September next, on which date the Accounts will be closed.

By Order of the Board of Directors, D. GILLIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, August 17, 1885. 1403

NOTICE.

FOR the Convenience of Customers, the Productions of the CHINA SOGAN REPRINTING COMPANY, Limited, can henceforward be obtained by RETAIL, FOR CASH, at No. 3, PRINCE STREET, at the same prices as at the REPRINTERY, or Retail Orders will be delivered at address in town on applications forwarding their Monthly Requirements in writing direct to the REPRINTERY at East Point.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Agents.

Hongkong, July 27, 1885. 1392

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

HAVE NOW RECEIVED THEIR NEW STOCK OF—SPORTSMEN'S SUNDRIES & AMMUNITION.

DOUBLE-BARRELLED FOWLING PIECES in Cases, with IMPLEMENTS, Complete, from \$45.00.
ELLY'S BROWN, Blue and Green CARTRIDGE CASES.
ELLY'S WHITE FELT, Grey CLOTH, and Grass-proof WADS.
ELLY'S Cylindrical Wire CARTRIDGES.
Newcastle Chilled SHOT, all sizes.
Piston & Wire's 'ALLIANCE' SPORTING POWDER.
Re-capping, Loading and Boreing MACHINES.

Combined Loading and Turnover MACHINES.
POWDER and SHOT MEASURES, and FLASKS.
EXPLODED SHOT CARTRIDGES.
Water-proof Gun CASES and BAGS.
Cartridge BELTS and BAGS.
Water-proof Canvas and Leather LEGGINGS.
Field and Case GUN-CLEANERS, Gun OIL.
Oil BOTTLES, SCREW-DRIVERS, and Case CUTTERS.

CALCUTTA—PITH SUN HATS (extra thick for Sportsmen).
English-made Hand-sewn SHOOTING BOOTS.

(PIC-NIC and SHOOTING PARTIES supplied with FRESH STORES, WINES, &c., at special rates.)
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
Hongkong, August 28, 1885. 1478

SCOTCH TWEED SUIT,

(COAT, VEST AND PANTS),
15 DOLLARS.

Over One Hundred Patterns to choose from.

THE success which attended our introduction of this 'SPECIALITY' last year, induced us to increase our Orders for this season, and our London Agents having secured a very large Lot of SCOTCH-TWEEDS of exceptionally good value, we now offer them to our Customers at the above quotation.

It can be readily understood that the profit on each suit must of necessity be small, but we estimate that, from increase of business, a greater profit will ultimately accrue to us than if we charged a higher price.

The same attention will be given, to the making up and fitting of these suits as would be to the most expensive materials.

Robert Lang & Co.,

QUEEN'S ROAD (OPPOSITE HONGKONG HOTEL).
Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1514

W. POWELL & Co.

OPENING OF THE CRICKET AND LAWN TENNIS SEASON.

FELTHAM'S CRICKETING AND TENNIS GOODS, JUST ARRIVED—
CRICKET BATS, CRICKET BALLS, CRICKETING GLOVES, CRICKETING BAGS, LEAD GUARDS, WICKETS.

TENNIS BATS, TENNIS BALLS, TENNIS NETS, TENNIS SHOES, TENNIS BAGS, CHILDREN'S TENNIS SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

HAT RIBBON, Large SILK SQUARES and SCARFS, the correct colours of the Hongkong Cricket Club.

W. POWELL & Co.
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, September 5, 1885. 1539

Intimations.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Half-Yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's HOTEL on FRIDAY, the 11th September, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, and a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1885.

The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 29th August to 11th September, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, LOUIS HAUSCHILD, Secretary.
Hongkong, August 19, 1885. 1421

GRIFFITH'S NEW VIEWS OF HONGKONG AND NOW READY, 1, DUDDELL STREET.

GRIFFITH & Co., MANUFACTURERS OF THE LONDON BRATED WATERS, 1, DUDDELL STREET.

Continue to Supply: SODA WATER, LEMONADE, GINGERBREAD, RASPBERRYADE, &c., &c., &c.
At the same Moderate Charges.
Hongkong, June 9, 1885. 957

HONGKONG PHARMACY, 28, LINDHURST TERRACE, WOODFORD & Co.

H. B. WOODFORD, Medical Practitioner, 28, LINDHURST TERRACE, Hongkong, July 10, 1885. 1169

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP. MODERATE FEES.

MR. WONG TAI-FONG, Surgeon Dentist, (FORMERLY ARTIFICIAL APERTURE AND LATELY ASSISTANT TO DR. ROBERTS), at the urgent request of his European and American patients and friends, has TAKEN THE OFFICE formerly occupied by Dr. ROBERTS, No. 3, DUDDELL STREET.

CONSULTATION FREE.
Discount to missionaries and families. Sole Address, 3, DUDDELL STREET, (Next to the New Oriental Bank).
Hongkong, January 12, 1885. 66

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, On account of the concerned, or

TUESDAY NEXT, the 8th September, 1885, at 3 o'clock p.m., at Wanchai—
THE STEAM LAUNCH, E. F. I. E., as she now lies in the Bowkington Canal, at Wanchai.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery.
E. JONES HUGHES, Auctioneer.
Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1520

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on the 11th September, 1885, at 2 p.m., at No. 22, WYNDHAM STREET,—
THE WHOLE OF THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., comprising:—
ENGLISH-MADE DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, MARBLE-TOP CENTRE and SIDE TABLES, MIRRORS, OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS and HEAVY RUGS.
EXHIBITION DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD, WHISKY, CROCKERY, GLASS and PLATED WARE.
DOUBLE IRON BEDSTEAD, WARDROBE, CHEST of DRAWERS, MARBLE-TOP TOILET TABLE and WASHSTAND.

Catalogues will be issued.
TERMS OF SALE.—As customary.
J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer.
Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1541

TO LET.

TO LET.
No. 3, LOWER MOSQUE TERRACE.
Entry can be had immediately.
Apply to ROBERT LANG & Co., Queen's Road.
Hongkong, August 31, 1885. 1500

TO LET.
BELVUE, Kowloon, with GARDEN and TENNIS COURT attached. Entry at once.
Apply to G. C. ANDERSON, 13, PRINCE CENTRAL.
Hongkong, August 24, 1885. 1447

TO LET.
THE OFFICES, No. 54, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, at present in the occupation of the HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.
Entry on or about 1st July, 1885.
Apply to G. C. ANDERSON, 13, PRINCE CENTRAL.
Hongkong, May 26, 1885. 851

SHOPS AND GODOWNS, TO BE LET.
Apply to A. S. WATSON & Co., Hongkong, July 23, 1885. 1272

TO LET.
HOUSE, No. 8, STANLEY STREET, No. 31, WELLINGTON STREET, Gas and Water laid on.
For Particulars, apply to ROZARIO & Co., Hongkong, July 23, 1885. 1235

TO LET.
OFFICES AND CHAMBERS, No. 7, QUEEN'S ROAD, lately occupied by Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
Apply to BIRD & PALMER, Who will exhibit Plans and arrange Offices to suit applicants.
Hongkong, April 8, 1885. 597

TO LET.
COLLEGE CHAMBERS' (late Hotel de l'Univers), Single Rooms or SUITES of APARTMENTS, No. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET.
Apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co., Hongkong, May 11, 1885. 779

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
THE SPANISH STEAMER P. A. S. I. G.
Apply to REMEDIOS & Co., Hongkong, September 4, 1885. 1531

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
COURSE, DISTANCE, AND AVERAGE SPEED TABLES, FROM LONDON, via THE SUEZ CANAL, to INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, &c., with VARIOUS OTHER TABLES and NOTES.
W. A. GULLAND.
To be obtained at the 'CHINA MAIL' OFFICE, MESSRS. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., FALCONER & Co.
Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1476

Shipping.

Steamers.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SYDNEY, MELBOURNE AND ADELAIDE, VIA FOCHOOW. (Calling at PORT DARWIN & QUEENSLAND PORTS, and taking through Cargo to NEW ZEALAND, NEW CALEDONIA, TASMANIA and FIJI.)

The Steamship Tamar, Captain GREEN, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, September 4, 1885. 1520

FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG.—The British India S. N. Co.'s Steamship Vanguard, Captain SANDERS, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1518

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOOW (SHARP PEAK). The Co's Steamship Douglas, Captain YOUNG, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1542

STEAM TO SINGAPORE, PENANG AND BOMBAY.—The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship Bangor, Captain CLARK, will leave for the above places on WEDNESDAY, 9th September, at 3 p.m.

A. McIVER, Superintendent.
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1521

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA. The Steamship Arcton, Captain AGAR, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, September 1, 1885. 1505

CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Steamship Glamis Castle, Captain S. VALERIE, Commander, will be despatched for the above Port on or about the 12th September.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, August 26, 1885. 1463

STEAM TO KOBE AND YOKOHAMA. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship Thetis, Captain SELLAR, will leave for the above places on SUNDAY, 13th September, at Daylight.

This Steamer will not call at NAGASAKI.
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Superintendent, Hongkong, September 1, 1885. 1507

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR TIENTSIN VIA SWATOW. The Co's Steamship Thetis, Captain SELLAR, will be despatched as above on or about the 15th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1517

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA. The Co's Steamship Thetis, Captain SELLAR, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 3 p.m.

This Steamer has superior first-class Passenger Accommodation, specially constructed to meet the requirements of tropical climates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1513

STEAM TO SHANGHAI. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship Thetis, Captain SELLAR, will leave for the above place about 72 hours after the arrival of the next English Mail.

A. McIVER, Superintendent.
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Hongkong, September 1, 1885. 1506

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Steamship Essex, Commander, will be despatched for the above Port on or about the 7th September.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, August 26, 1885. 1465

Sailing Vessels.

FOR NEW YORK. The S/S L.L. American Ship Reporter, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co., Hongkong, August 31, 1885. 1499

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The S/S L.L. British Bark Marquis of Lorne, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co., Hongkong, August 14, 1885. 1394

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP ANADYE. COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamships Medoa, Thane and President, from London, Antwerp and Rotterdam, in connection with the above Steamers, are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon To-day (Saturday), requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after Saturday, the 12th instant, at Noon, will be subject to receipt and landing charges at 1 cent. per package per diem.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before the 15th instant, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.
Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1537

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. S.S. STRAITS OF GIBRALTAR. FROM GLASGOW, PENANG, SINGAPORE, ILOILO AND MANILA.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersigning, and take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Steamer will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no Fire Insurance will be effected.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on to SINGAPORE, unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon To-morrow, the 5th instant.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 11th instant, or they will not be recognised.

For Sale.

MacEwen, Frickel & Co.

VICTORIA EXCHANGE,

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
ARE NOW LANDING

DEVON'S NONPAREIL-KEROSENE

OIL.

HITCHCOCK MECHANICAL

'NO CHIMNEY'

LAMP.

STUDENTS' LAMP.

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.

MACKENZIE & MACKENZIE'S

BISCUITS.

NEW SEASON'S TEA,

in 5 or 10 Catty Boxes.

YELLOW GOSHEV BUTTER,

in 5 or 10 lbs Tins.

Condensed MILK.

CALIFORNIA PRODUCTS.

COOKING STOVES.

AGATE IRON WARE.

MILNER'S FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

DO. CASH AND PAPER

BOXES.

ALLEN & GENT'S

TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

BEER AND PORTER

in

Hogheads.

THE USUAL ASSORTMENT

of

OILMAN'S STORES,

AND

WINES,

at the lowest possible prices

FOR CASH.

MacEwen, Frickel & Co.

Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1510

To-day's Advertisements.

NOTICE.

MR. J. KENNEDY begs to inform his

Customers and the Public generally

that he is KILLING ROBE BULLOCKS

TO-DAY. Orders for the same should be

sent to the HONG KONG REPOSITORY, Garden

Road, This Evening, for ALL BEEF re-

quired TO-MORROW.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1548

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION

COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI

(Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates

for CHEFOO, TIENTSIN, NEW-

CHANG, HANKOW and Ports on the

YANGTZE.)

The Co.'s Steamship

Kaituma, Captain Young, will be

despatched as above TO-

MORROW, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1543

THE CHINA & MANILA STEAMSHIP

COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT.)

The Co.'s Steamship

Emeralda, Captain LATAKE, will be

despatched as above TO-

MORROW, the 8th instant, at 5 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1544

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.

(Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates

for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEW-

CHANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW and

Ports on the YANGTZE.)

The Co.'s Steamship

Kaituma, Captain LATAKE, will be

To-day's Advertisements.

THE CHINA & MANILA STEAMSHIP

COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT.)

The Steamship

Kaituma, Captain LATAKE, will be

despatched as above TO-

MORROW, the 8th instant, at 5 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1545

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.

The Co.'s Steamship

Kaituma, Captain LATAKE, will be

despatched as above ON

SUNDAY, the 14th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1547

FOR HAVRE AND HAMBURG,

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

The Steamship

Kaituma, Captain LATAKE, will be

despatched as above ON

SUNDAY, the 14th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1551

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

LIMITED.

THE Ordinary General MEETING of

SHAREHOLDERS in the above

Company will be held at the Office of the

Undersigned, on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd

Instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose

of receiving the Report of the General

Managers, together with a Statement of

Accounts to 30th June, 1885.

The FRODOCKS of the Company

will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 23rd

September, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, September 7, 1885. 1552

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor

Owners will be Responsible for any

Debt contracted by the Officers or

Crew of the following Vessels, during

their stay in Hongkong Harbour:-

ANNIE H. SMITH, American ship, Capt.

R. B. Brown.-P. & O. S. N. Co.

B. H. SKEEN, German brig, Captain

Chr. Meyer.-Melchers & Co.

EDWARD MAY, American barque, Capt.

C. A. Johnson.-Russell & Co.

FRANK PENDLETON, American ship, Capt.

E. P. Nichols.-Order.

HAROLDINE, American 4-masted schooner,

Captain Tibbotts.-Order.

HIGHLANDER, American ship, Capt. N. A.

Bochelder.-Russell & Co.

NADARUSS, British ship, Captain Ed. H.

Lovitt.-P. & O. S. N. Co.

PENINSULAR, American barque, Capt. P. L.

Chapman.-Arnold, Karberg & Co.

PHYCER, French barque, Capt. Servain.

Carlowitz & Co.

TITAN, American ship, Capt. O. H. Allen.

Russell & Co.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

September 6, 1885:-

Hampshire, British steamer, 1,700, A.

Child, Nipponki September 1, Coal.-H. J.

H. Tarr.

September 6:-

Duburg, German steamer, 921, Schultz,

Chinkang September 4, Rio.-Bretzen-

rutz & Swire.

Ningpo, British steamer, 761, W. Potts,

Shanghai Sept. 2, General.-Steuers &

Co.

Suez, British steamer, 1,390, W. M.

Dodd, (Australia), Sydney August 16,

Coal and General.-Gins, Lavinestox & Co.

Olympia, German steamer, 783, Christian-

son, Mantung September 3, Salk.-

Steuers & Co.

Anchise, British steamer, 1,304, Wm. P.

Lap, Liverpool July 26, and Singapore

September 1, General.-Bretzenrutz &

Swire.

Peking, British steamer, from Whampoa.

September 7:-

Sumatra, British steamer, 1,406, W. D.

G. Worcester, Yokohama August 30, and

Sept. 1, Mails and General.-

P. & O. S. N. Co.

Albion, German steamer, 400, P. Moos,

Touzon September 4, General.-A. R.

Marty.

Wah Yung, British steamer, 313, J. C.

Witt, Peking September 4, and Hainan

General.-Chen.

Quarta, German steamer, from Whampoa.

Kui Sang, British steamer, from Wham-

poa.

Emeralda, British steamer, 395, G. A.

Taylor, Manila via Amoy Sept. 2, General.

-RUSSELL & Co.

DEPARTURES.

September 6:-

Duburg, for Whampoa.

Ningpo, for Whampoa.

Ewa Reed, for Manila.

Gloucester, for Singapore and London.

Nipponki, for Coast Ports.

Phra Chula Chom Kiat, for Swatow, &c.

Louis, for Newchwang.

Signal, for Hainan.

Anadyr, for Shanghai.

Volga, for Yokohama.

Zushun, for Whampoa.

September 7:-

Chern, for Bangkok.

Peking, for Shanghai.

CLEARED.

September 7:-

Ewa, for Hainan.

Zushun, for Whampoa.

Payke, for Cebu.

Japanese, for Japan.

Vila de Roridaria, for Manila.

Signal, for Hainan.

Anadyr, for Shanghai.

Volga, for Yokohama.

Zushun, for Whampoa.

September 7:-

Chern, for Bangkok.

Peking, for Shanghai.

Ewa, for Hainan.

Zushun, for Whampoa.

Payke, for Cebu.

Japanese, for Japan.

Vila de Roridaria, for Manila.

Signal, for Hainan.

Anadyr, for Shanghai.

Volga, for Yokohama.

Zushun, for Whampoa.

September 7:-

Chern, for Bangkok.

Peking, for Shanghai.

For Swatow, Mr. D. Ma

Chaffin, for Swatow, Capt. Craig.

Per Glouster, for Swatow, &c., 5 Euro-

peans, and 24 Chinese.

Per Nipponki, for Coast Ports, 2 Europeans,

and 200 Chinese.

Per Chern, for Bangkok, 12 Chinese.

Per Phra Chula Chom Kiat, for Swatow,

115 Chinese.

Per Peking, for Shanghai, 70 Chinese.

To Depart.

Per Ewa, for Hainan, 10 Chinese.

Per Zushun, at 4.30 p.m., on Monday,

the 14th instant.

Per STRAITS & CALOUTTA.

Per Taitung, at 2.30 p.m., on Wednesday,

the 16th inst.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.

The United States Mail Packet Oceanic

will be despatched on TUESDAY, the

8th September, with Mails for Japan,

San Francisco, the United States,

Canada, Honolulu, &c., which

will be closed as follows:-

2.15 p.m. Registry closes.

2.30 p.m. Post-Office closes, but Corre-

spondence may be posted on board the

Packet with Late Fee of 10 cents extra

Postage until the time of departure.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.

The British Contract Packet Kaituma

will be despatched on FRIDAY, the

11th Sept., with Mails for the United

Kingdom, Europe, and countries be-

tween India, to the Straits Settlements,

Batavia, Borneo, Ceylon, India,

Ain, Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.

The usual hours will be observed in closing

the Mails, &c.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Shipping.

2 p.m.-Panama leaves for Australia

Port via Fochow.

3 p.m.-Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.

Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San

Francisco.

4 p.m.-Kaituma leaves for Shanghai.

4 p.m.-Nipponki leaves for Straits.

6 p.m.-Emeralda leaves for Manila.

Goods per Opanak undelivered after this

date subject to rent.

Auctions.

3 p.m.-Auction of Steam-laid-off

in Bowring Canal, at Wanchai.

Miscellaneous.

Claims against the Claymore, on or

before this date.

General Memoranda.

Friday, September 11:-

2 p.m.-Auction of Household Furniture,

at No. 22, Wyndham Street.

4 p.m.-Meeting of Shareholders of the

Hongkong Hotel Company, Ltd., at

Hongkong Hotel.

Claims against the Straits of Gibraltar

will be sent in to Messrs. Adamson,

Bell & Co., on or before this date.

Saturday, September 12:-

Goods per Steamer Anadyr, undelivered

after noon subject to rent and landing

charges at 1 cent per package per diem.

Monday, September 14:-

Tanner Books of the Douglas Steamship

Co., Ltd., closed from this date to 23rd

instant, inclusive.

Wednesday, September 23:-

8 a.m.-Meeting of Shareholders of the

Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd., at the

General Managers' office.

Wednesday, September 30:-

Tan Government Astronomer reports today—The typhoon appears to have passed near S.W. Japan. It is probably now traversing the sea of Japan. The barometer has risen. The temperature is moderate, the humidity high, the weather overcast and wet, and the wind light.

The following notice, which could not be issued from the Observatory this morning, of telegraphic communication was interrupted, has been sent to us:—Owing to illness at the Observatory, the time-ball cannot be dropped to-day and possibly not for a few days.

A telegram from Shanghai to a Japanese native paper announces that the Russians seem to have abandoned their efforts to get Quelpart ceded to them, but have succeeded in obtaining a lease of the island. One man-of-war only is now lying there, the rest having left for Shanghai and other ports.

In a volatulatory letter, dated 18th August, H.E. Sir Robert Hart, K.C.B., in bidding good-bye to the Customs staff, thanks the members for their co-operation during the period he was Inspector-General, and hopes they will serve his successor as faithfully as they have served him. Some members of the staff are, says the *N.C.D. News*, much pleased with the tone of the letter.

As announced by our Tientsin correspondent in his letter of the 24th August, published in our issue of last Friday, the Chinese Government have ordered four more ironclads, two from England and two from Germany. We now learn from the *Shanghai Mercury* that the Government have, through their Ambassadors at London and Berlin, given orders by telegraph that they are to be built, two by Messrs Armstrong & Co. and two by the Vulcan Shipbuilding Yard, Bletchley.

Some of our readers will no doubt be glad to hear that Captain Orr, late master of the *Chinkiang*, and well known and highly respected by many persons in Hongkong and the Treaty Ports of China, is now in command of the steamer *Argonaut*, the largest and one of the finest, built by Messrs W. & A. G. & Co.'s fleet of thirty-two steamers, to which the *Chinkiang* belonged. The *Argonaut* has just made the passage from London to Melbourne via the Suez Canal, in 49 days, including all stoppages.

With regard to the Cocos Islands, which a British gunboat is said to have recently annexed, says the *N.C.D. News*, these islands are the property of British subjects. They originally belonged to two brothers of the name of Ross, one of whom was drowned while floating in the water after his vessel had been captured by pirates. The other brother is well known in Singapore. There is at present in Shanghai a gentleman who lived for a considerable time at the Cocos Islands.

Writing on the 28th August, our Tientsin correspondent says:—

Up to yesterday no appointment of a foreign co-Inspector-General had been officially announced, but it is said that Mr. James Hart will have the office.

The Chinese functionary is not named yet. There are, it is said, eight candidates; and some of them are very influential personages.

An announcement in the *Official Gazette*, says the *Japan Mail*, removes all doubt as to the appearance of cholera in Nagasaki. It appears that on the 23rd instant there were 17 fresh cases, and on the 24th instant 22. From the first appearance of the disease 62 persons have been attacked, of whom 27 died. The contagion is said to be spreading, but fortunately the latest cases of the season readers will be affected.

The P. & O. Co.'s steamer *Sumatra*, Captain W. D. G. Worcester, arrived here this morning from Yokohama and Kobe, reports having experienced indications of a typhoon to E.S.E., on the 4th instant. Towards midnight on that date the wind hauled round from E.N.E. to N.W., at which time there was a high N.E. sea. The lowest reading of the barometer occurred at 2 a.m. on Sept. 5th, when 29.75 was registered, the force of wind being 8.

Our contemporary, the *Strait Times*, reports the arrival at Singapore, in the British steamer *Pontianak*, of Captain Woodward, the officers and crew of the British barque *Burdock*, of Liverpool, lost by striking a coral reef in Macleod's Channel, Gaspar Straits, on the 16th August. The *Burdock* was a vessel of 835 tons register, and owned by Messrs T. & J. Brocklebank, of Liverpool, and was on a voyage from that port to Manila with a cargo of 1,200 tons of coal when she was lost.

Mr. E. J. Stithers, at present U. S. Charge d'Affaires, has, the *Courier* understands, been appointed U. S. Consul General at Shanghai & General Schabel, and Mr. Sedmore, the present acting incumbent of the office, goes to Yokohama as Vice Consul General.

In noting the arrival of the Dutch steamer *Amal* at Shanghai, the *N.C.D. News* says it is of rare occurrence that a vessel of this nationality visits Shanghai. According to the *Chinese Daily News*, the *Amal* is the 93rd Dutch vessel that has been here, the value of British vessels amounting to 77,410 tons, the *Amal* being the 93rd.

H. B. M.'s *Audacious*, Admiral Dowell's flagship, arrived in Kobe Harbour on the night of the 27th ultimo, when it became known that Captain Lardet, who commanded the detachment of marines on board, had died the same morning from fever, and that there were several cases of fever among the crew. Captain Lardet was buried with the usual naval honours on the following morning. Our Kobe contemporary says the sickness first made its appearance while the ship was in Hongkong.

The United States corvette *Ossipee* arrived at Kobe from Nagasaki on the 30th ult., flying the yellow flag, and moved to the quarantine ground during the afternoon. The *Hiro* News hears that three deaths from cholera occurred on board during the passage from Nagasaki, and that several of the crew are sick. H.B.M.'s gun-vessel *Linnæa*, from Port Hamilton, passed through Akashi Straits on the afternoon of the 30th ult., and continued her course to Yokohama without calling in at Kobe, as was expected. Doubtless the commander of the *Linnæa* saw the yellow flag on the *Ossipee*, and thought it better to get north.

We note from the Japan papers to hand to-day that Sergeant Aberdeen, of the British Legation Escort in Japan, died at Tokio, of sunstroke, at 2 a.m., on the 28th ultimo. On the 2nd instant, the *N.C.D. News* says it regrets to hear of the death, from sunstroke, of a member of the escort of the British Legation at Peking, under very painful circumstances. We should imagine that the *N.C.D. News* paragraph is founded on the occurrence in Tokio, that the writer has inadvertently written the name of the Chinese capital for that of the Japanese capital. If it is not so, a somewhat strange coincidence has been recorded.

The latest Shanghai papers to hand contain the Report of the Directors of the Shanghai Tin Mining Co., with statement of accounts, for 1884, which they were unable to present at the meeting held on the 13th March. The accounts show that the total working expenses for the year amounted to £15,611.28, and the revenue to £15,785.62. The Coy. pays a dividend of £19,070.00 on a capital of £15,280,000, leaving a balance of £8,370.14 to carry to the Profit and Loss Account. For the further information of the shareholders, the Directors now state that everything is going on satisfactorily at the Mine, and by the last advice received from Mr. Waters, he expects to mine 5,000 tons of ore by the 15th of December next, as against his previous estimate of 4,500 tons, so that it is confidently expected that the Net Profit of £84,900 for 1885, mentioned in his Report, will be exceeded.

The trial of James Alexander Harty took place on the 31st ult., before Chief Justice Sir R. T. Rennie, in H.B.M.'s Supreme Court, Shanghai. Prisoner was indicted under four counts charging him with having fraudulently appropriated to his own use, or that of some other person than Mrs. Jane Smith, the person for whom he received it, money or property to the amount of £1,970.00, received by him as administrator of the estate of the late Robert Stuart Smith. He pleaded not guilty, and was defended by Mr. Waterhouse.

The jury, after hearing the evidence, returned a unanimous verdict of guilty, and his Lordship, addressing the prisoner, said he had been guilty of a very serious offence, and one which, although only a misdemeanour, was punishable by seven years' penal servitude. The prisoner had said nothing in extenuation of his offence, and his Lordship thought it was a case in which a severe sentence should be passed. Penal servitude, however, was perhaps unduly severe, and he would not therefore inflict the maximum term of imprisonment. The sentence was that he should be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for two years.

A Shareholder, writing to the *N.C.D. News*, under date 1st instant, complains that the Directors of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, in their annual report, invariably omit to inform the shareholders what the gross earnings of the Bank amount to, so as to enable the proprietors to form some idea of the cost of management. He suggests that in future this information should be given, and states that the Directors of the Chartered Bank, as well as other Eastern and Home Banks, give the expense of management. He then quotes the following extract from the *Globe* of the 18th July, in allusion to the failure of the Muntz Bank, which may be read with advantage by all owners of shares in banks.

So long as the shareholders of joint-stock companies remain as apathetic as they now are, quite content so long as they receive dividends, there will be a risk of mismanagement and misappropriation on the part of those who control the business of the company in question. It is easier to state this well-known fact than to suggest any really useful remedy.

Why did not a Shareholder 'get some one on his behalf to come boldly forward at the recent meeting and raise the question? No doubt, if the question had been put to the Directors, it would have elicited a straightforward answer. It would have been fairer to the Directors to have done so. There need have been no hesitation in putting the question, as we think the proprietors are fully entitled to the information desired, and it would have been more easily to have demanded it in presence of the

Directors than in the manner adopted by 'A Shareholder,' whose imputations are both injurious and unjust.

By a telegram, which appeared in the Chinese local newspapers, we learn that the veteran conqueror of Kashgaria, H. E. T. T. Tang, died at Foochow on Saturday afternoon, the 5th inst. The brave old general had been failing for some time, as our Foochow correspondent has more than once stated; and he has now passed from the arena of Chinese politics. Although T. T. has exercised a powerful influence upon the fortunes of the Empire, especially in the North-west provinces, and his honesty as an official stands out to his credit throughout his long career, he is better known as the persistent and bold fighting General, the bluff soldier, than the provincial administrator or the political diplomat. By his removal Li Hung Chang stands alone as the greatest power in the empire; indeed, ever since T. T. went to the capital of Fokien, Li has been practically master of the situation.

Huxley repeats itself, at least in the case of Sir John Pope Hennessy it does. The following extract from a letter written to an Australian paper from Fort Louis on the 9th July will revive many painful memories in the minds of several of our local officials:—'The *Yarra*, from Adelaide, arrived here two days ago, and left for Marseilles yesterday. Amongst her passengers was the Hon. C. Bruce, C. M. G., our Colonial Secretary, who is going home, ostensibly for the purpose of recruiting his health, but in reality to protest against the awkward position in which he is being placed by Sir J. Pope Hennessy in connection with the organization of his department. It is now well known with the public that the Governor is now under the influence of two or three intimate friends, who inspire his policy. These men are leading Sir J. Pope Hennessy to unpopularity, and there has been a split in the Press that were favourable to the policy of the Governor.'

As we fully expected, the unusually early given by the Executive to the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce has led to dissatisfaction. Even assuming that the Committee was altogether in the wrong, the manner and tone adopted by the members of the Executive Council were not such as to throw oil upon the troubled waters. At a meeting of the Committee of the Chamber held the other day, it was agreed to address the Secretary of State for the Colonies upon the question of the Quarantine Rules; and as the entire correspondence will necessarily be sent home, at once, an impartial view of the whole subject in dispute may reasonably be looked for soon. Previous despatches imply that the attempted imposition of Quarantine at this port is a local expedient adopted by the Sanitary Board and supported by the Executive Council, contrary to the views of H. E. the Governor and the mercantile community.

The French cruiser *Régule* de Guevilly, Captain Richard, arrived at Singapore on the 28th ultimo from Saigon and was to leave for Uluk immediately after calling.

We understand many persons belonging to the aristocratic classes contemplate the compulsory use of ear-rings by their ladies. —*Choya Shimizu.*

According to recent investigation there have been practised 276 different ways of dressing women's hair in Japan since the period of Genroku (1698). —*Meiji Nichi Shinbun.*

A school for teaching the foreign style of sculpture has been established at Utsunomiya, Tokyo, under the patronage of several high officials. Students are admitted free of charge.

His Imperial Austrian Majesty's steam corvette *Saida* arrived at Singapore from Batavia on the 30th ultimo. The *Saida*, which is on a cruise round the world, is a vessel of 2,500 tons, 260 men, 400 horse power, and carries 11 guns.

The Japanese papers say a plan for strongly fortifying the entrance to the Gulf of Tokyo is now being considered by the Japanese Government. The main feature suggested is a line of earth-works which are to stretch out from Awa point, with forts at all important places.

The *Strait Times* of the 29th ultimo says:—Messrs Riley Hargreave & Co.'s cashier absconded on Thursday the 20th instant, with £25,000. Information was not given to the Police until the following Saturday, three days after the affair took place, and though all efforts have since been made the culprit has not yet been captured.

Writing on the 25th August, the Tientsin correspondent of the *Mercury* says:—'To-day being a lucky day—the 15th day of the 7th moon—Mr. James Hart took over charge on the L. G. of L. M. Canton and his brother, Sir Robert Hart, of the British Legation. The former is appointed till further orders.'

The local authorities at the Japanese open ports have received instructions from the government to exercise great discrimination in furnishing passports to persons going abroad, and positively to refuse to grant one to any person who has no fixed abode in his visit to a foreign country or who is without means of supporting himself. Here may be noted the result of some of the latest efforts made by Mr. Taro Ando, Consul General at Shanghai and formerly Japanese Consul at Hongkong.

The Queen of Corea and her relations are said to be much frightened by the anticipated return of their bitter enemy Tai On Kun. Among other wishes the queen has expressed her desire to be allowed to retire from her present situation and pass the remainder of her life in seclusion as a nun. Li Hung Chang intends to ascertain whether the return of Tai On Kun is likely to endanger the peace of Corea, and for this purpose Li will dispatch Admiral Tai to that country to announce the approaching return of the old prince. If there appears then no cause to anticipate any disturbance Tai On Kun will be allowed to return to his country. —*Japanese Police Paper.*

The bank talked of some time for the establishment of an industrial bank in Japan has assumed a practical form, and draft rules for same, having been completed, will be submitted to the Sanjūin in a few days. The following are said to be the chief points in the rules:—
1.—The capital of the bank is to be 1,000,000 yen.
2.—The bank is to issue industrial notes.
3.—The basis for the rate of interest to be charged on loans is to be eight per cent.
4.—The bank is to be in time for the competition in January, when he hoped to see a very good entry. It was proposed, also, to have a single and double handicap this year if they could find enough members to join, and if there was time to get the funds in hand, he mentioned that they had now a balance of \$2,529.70, but out of this about \$1,000 would have to be paid at once for gear which had arrived, additions to the fence and water pipes, and repairs to the Pavilion, which was to be cleaned, and white-washed, and pointed on the top. The water pipes and drains, swept away in June, were repaired last month, but he was sorry to say that they had again been swept away and would have to be replaced. Municipal rates were levied on the Pavilion for the first time this year, but he was glad to say that on application to the Colonial Secretary, His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government was pleased to continue its exemption as before. The only other thing he need notice, he thought, was that they would probably lose their old friends, the Buffs, who would leave them very shortly. He was sure they would all give them their best good wishes whenever they might go. Their departure would probably stop the trip of a team to Foochow in October, but the members would have to try to get up a little later on, if the new regiment supplied them with a good cricketing contingent. He then proposed the adoption of the reports and passing of accounts.

Mr. H. K. RUTHERFORD has compiled some statistics regarding the acreage under tea in Ceylon and the past and prospective output from 1887-8. Mr. Rutherford estimates the total extent under tea at the end of this year as 102,000 acres, while in 1887-8 he thinks that the tea crop will equal 20,000,000 lb., of which 200,000 lb. will, he thinks, be consumed locally, leaving 20,000,000 lb. for export. He estimates, says the *Observer*, that the tea trade, as we speak, has increased in value, and that the tea exports during the next three seasons approximating to 7 millions lb. in 1885-6; 13 millions lb. in 1886-7 and 25 millions lb. in 1887-8. Mr. Rutherford is far below the mark as regards local consumption, which must be 400,000 lb. already and will probably run up to 800,000 lb. per annum, with drinkable tea selling for the Ceylonese at 25 to 50 cents a lb., and tea everywhere superseding coffee as the native cup.

About 4 o'clock on the morning of the 1st instant a daring robbery was committed on board the O. M. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Pung-shu* at Shanghai. The *Courier* gives the following account:—As soon as the ship came alongside the Wharf the Captain went down from the bridge to his cabin and took the keys of the iron safe in his hand. He opened the safe and found a box of treasure stolen, this time the thieves making a bigger haul, securing £1,800. The stolen property is part of six boxes of treasure received from the *Heam*, disabled in Taku dock. The steward of the *Pung-shu* was arrested on suspicion, as he was seen to leave the safe shortly before the robbery was discovered, but as he has been in the habit of doing this for some time past it is probable he will be released.

Saves the Japan Mail.—The Society for reforming the method of dressing ladies' hair in Japan is growing and prospering.

We find some of the vernacular papers supporting it by the daily publication of arguments and exhortations, and the latest news is that all the ladies of the Normal School (*Shien Gakko*) have enrolled themselves as members, and will never, never, never more twist their locks into the shimada, the marriage, the *tscho-gayashi*, or any other cognate device. We are very glad to see that this movement finds favour. In the interests of comfort and health, it will be a happy day for the ladies of Japan when they have all followed the example of their countrywomen of the *Shien Gakko*. Still more does it please us to see an influential newspaper like the *High School* commencing a crusade against Japanese building. Better houses, better diet, and a little infusion of foreign blood—these are the three things which the people of this country want in order that they may become what their foreign friends sincerely wish them to be.

By last advice from Batavia, says the *Singapore Free Press*, Chairman's Circus was performing to fairly filled and oftentimes over-crowded tents from early being taken to keep them so by a continually varying programme. An unlooked for change in the latter gave rise to a sensational scene on the evening of the 10th August, when the last item—the *African Lions*—was reached. One of these beasts of prey happened to be kept apart from the others on account of the being the victim of a lion. The lion, having its followers in the same compartment. On the partition dividing the great cage-like compartment in two being removed, thereby bringing the lions together, they took to fighting; the lion small alarm of the children, many ladies and children leaving the tent. Several of the gentlemen present were apparently not particularly at their ease, and even more than one member of the company withdrew from the scene. At this moment, Jean-Ablodie, the lion-tamer, showed wonderful coolness and fearlessness. Armed with a heavy iron rod, he quickly stepped into the cage and speedily brought the riotous animals under, after wounding the lion which had raised the disturbance.

THE HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.
The annual meeting of the members of the Hongkong Cricket Club was held in the Pavilion. There was a poor attendance. Those present were:—Messrs H. F. Darby, A. G. Morris, J. H. Stewart Lockhart, A. G. Travers, R. Lyall, A. MacOlynny, G. S. Coxon, J. C. O. Hendry, O. H. Lammer, G. I. Toulson, C. E. Holworthy, A. J. Leach, R. K. Leigh and Lieut. D. Aeth.

On the motion of Mr. Darby, seconded by Mr. Morris, Mr. Foss was voted to the Chair. The Chairman after remarking that he was sorry to have to take the Chair, in the

absence of their worthy President (Mr. A. Coxon, now absent from the Colony) said he hoped he would soon return. Members would see from the Report, which they had in their hands, that they had had a very successful season. They had only lost one match during the whole time, and both the batting and bowling averages were specially good. Amongst so many creditable performances it was very difficult to say who should have the honour of the premium. Up till now, the best performances had been reckoned on three innings, but this year they had reckoned them on 10 innings, and in future they thought that 10 innings should be played to entitle anybody to a premium. (Hear-hear and Applause). Mr. G. S. Coxon took the ball for the best bowling average in 10 innings, and Mr. E. J. Coxon for 3 innings. Mr. R. C. Hodder carried off the bat for the best batting average for 10 innings, and Captain Peterson for 3 innings. The Chairman thought in connection with the batting and bowling averages that they should not miss this opportunity of mentioning the name of Mr. Hendry, who had throughout the season succeeded in obtaining a first class average. He had done this by continuing to succeed, and though he had not won the bat or ball this year, he hoped he would next year. 9 runs per wicket over 27 innings was, he thought, exceptionally good. The Championship Cup for lawn tennis had not yet arrived, but it would have to wait in time for the competition in January, when he hoped to see a very good entry. It was proposed, also, to have a single and double handicap this year if they could find enough members to join, and if there was time to get the funds in hand, he mentioned that they had now a balance of \$2,529.70, but out of this about \$1,000 would have to be paid at once for gear which had arrived, additions to the fence and water pipes, and repairs to the Pavilion, which was to be cleaned, and white-washed, and pointed on the top. The water pipes and drains, swept away in June, were repaired last month, but he was sorry to say that they had again been swept away and would have to be replaced. Municipal rates were levied on the Pavilion for the first time this year, but he was glad to say that on application to the Colonial Secretary, His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government was pleased to continue its exemption as before. The only other thing he need notice, he thought, was that they would probably lose their old friends, the Buffs, who would leave them very shortly. He was sure they would all give them their best good wishes whenever they might go. Their departure would probably stop the trip of a team to Foochow in October, but the members would have to try to get up a little later on, if the new regiment supplied them with a good cricketing contingent. He then proposed the adoption of the reports and passing of accounts.

Mr. Treves seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously. The Chairman then proposed that Mr. A. Coxon, who had been confirmed as Chairman for the next season.

Mr. Hendry seconded, and this was also carried unanimously. The Chairman said that as Mr. Rice, who acted with him as Honorary Secretary, he proposed some gentleman should be allowed to resign his office, and that he should be allowed to resume his old position as Treasurer. He ventured to suggest Mr. G. S. Coxon for the post, and thought that gentleman would prove a capital Secretary for the Club.

Mr. Coxon said he would have been delighted to accept the post, but he had not got the time to perform the duties. He would be willing to render every assistance to the Secretary, however.

It was then agreed that Mr. Foss should retain the post of Secretary, with Mr. Coxon as assistant.

A fresh Committee was then elected, consisting of Messrs A. G. Travers, W. H. F. Darby, A. J. Leach, R. K. Leigh, Lieut. Jarrett and Major Jackson.

This was all the business. The Chairman thanked members for coming up as many of the time as he had good cricketing abilities, as they would lose a great number of good men by the departure of the Buffs, and they had already lost a good many. He intimated that the opening match would be played on the 2nd and 3rd proximo, between the 11 and 22; and that the next meeting would be on the 28th inst., if the weather was suitable.

Mr. Leach proposed a vote of thanks to the Honorary Secretary, which was given by acclamation.

The Secretary having returned thanks, the meeting adjourned.

Mr. Treves seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously.

The Chairman said that as Mr. Rice, who acted with him as Honorary Secretary, he proposed some gentleman should be allowed to resign his office, and that he should be allowed to resume his old position as Treasurer. He ventured to suggest Mr. G. S. Coxon for the post, and thought that gentleman would prove a capital Secretary for the Club.

Mr. Coxon said he would have been delighted to accept the post, but he had not got the time to perform the duties. He would be willing to render every assistance to the Secretary, however.

It was then agreed that Mr. Foss should retain the post of Secretary, with Mr. Coxon as assistant.

A fresh Committee was then elected, consisting of Messrs A. G. Travers, W. H. F. Darby, A. J. Leach, R. K. Leigh, Lieut. Jarrett and Major Jackson.

This was all the business. The Chairman thanked members for coming up as many of the time as he had good cricketing abilities, as they would lose a great number of good men by the departure of the Buffs, and they had already lost a good many. He intimated that the opening match would be played on the 2nd and 3rd proximo, between the 11 and 22; and that the next meeting would be on the 28th inst., if the weather was suitable.

Mr. Leach proposed a vote of thanks to the Honorary Secretary, which was given by acclamation.

The Secretary having returned thanks, the meeting adjourned.

Mr. Treves seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously.

The Chairman said that as Mr. Rice, who acted with him as Honorary Secretary, he proposed some gentleman should be allowed to resign his office, and that he should be allowed to resume his old position as Treasurer. He ventured to suggest Mr. G. S. Coxon for the post, and thought that gentleman would prove a capital Secretary for the Club.

Mr. Coxon said he would have been delighted to accept the post, but he had not got the time to perform the duties. He would be willing to render every assistance to the Secretary, however.

It was then agreed that Mr. Foss should retain the post of Secretary, with Mr. Coxon as assistant.

A fresh Committee was then elected, consisting of Messrs A. G. Travers, W. H. F. Darby, A. J. Leach, R. K. Leigh, Lieut. Jarrett and Major Jackson.

This was all the business. The Chairman thanked members for coming up as many of the time as he had good cricketing abilities, as they would lose a great number of good men by the departure of the Buffs, and they had already lost a good many. He intimated that the opening match would be played on the 2nd and 3rd proximo, between the 11 and 22; and that the next meeting would be on the 28th inst., if the weather was suitable.

Police Intelligence.
(Before H. E. Woodhouse, Esq.)
Monday, Sept. 7.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.
An A.M., a shop-coolie, was charged with cutting and wounding a shopman named Lam Acheong on the 6th inst.

Complainant said that at 12.30 p.m. on the 6th inst., he was coming out of the Po Lok Theatre when the prisoner and several other men attacked him with iron bars and daggers, and beat him severely. A constable came to his rescue and arrested the prisoner. He had been in hospital until the present.

E. G. Whitchell, in consequence of a report received, proceeded to the Po Lok Theatre, about 1 p.m. on the 6th inst. He saw the prisoner and about ten others holding the complainant and beating him on the back with iron bars.

The complainant was knocked down by the blow and the prisoner ran away. Witness then went to the scene and found the prisoner and the other men. He saw the prisoner and the other men. He saw the prisoner and the other men.

The prisoner was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

THE CRACKERS IN THE STREET.
Moc Fat, a shopkeeper, and seven other Chinese, occupants of Nos. 162, 150 and 145 Queen's Road Central, 2 Aberdeen Street, and 13, 12, and 7 West Street, appeared on summons charging them with firing crackers in the public streets on the 4th inst.

Moc Fat, P.O. 162, deposed that at 6 p.m. on the 4th inst. he went out in West Street. He had received instructions that no crackers were to be fired. At 7.15 p.m. crackers were fired from Nos. 7, 12, and 13. Witness told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

Witness answered that the superintendent is that the Governor has given as permission to carry on the procession and we have to fire crackers. He then said that he told the people in these houses that he had received orders from the Captain Superintendent not to allow crackers to be fired.

the law should punish the perpetrator, and any one endeavouring to evade the responsibility of the payment of his debts and taking from others by deception, should be tried by the law of the land in order to protect property; when any one commits murder or inflicts wounds on another, the law should be applied to for the protection of life.

In national honour, two phases exist—internal and external. Although there are different grades of society, and wealth amongst people, yet they all have equal rights as a people. It is not allowable for individuals to commit abuses upon others; they should be punished by the law, or socially, and the one might call the internal honour. External honour is the exercising of a power of intercourse with foreign Powers through the agency of diplomats appointed by the Government, whose duty is the protection of the rights of their country, and even in the smallest matter to maintain its independence and thus discharge a duty to the people, and when this is not done there is but little reason for people to remain under the power of such a Government.

Look at the present condition of Corea; the weakness of the King's family, the insolence of the nobles, the system of taxation in a mass of confusion, people having no right in private property, the imperfect law, killing the useless, and for private motives and jealousy of officials, persons confined and prison and punishment to complain. In the market of the higher and lower classes may be considered as entirely different races, and these above the military class and who are connected with the Government, have unlimited power, whilst the common people are their slaves. The people in the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

When trouble comes upon them, or the honourable actions are done to the detriment of the country, they are not in a position to do anything. The only thing that the officials do is to engage themselves in a competition with each other for power to obtain official positions. They are divided into parties and about each party, but for their own personal benefit. The truth is they do not sacrifice their bodies for the nation, but the interests of the nation for their own personal gain. They do not consider it a shame to be a tributary of China; neither are they anxious to see the independence of the people as a whole. The people in the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

From the above, we think it will be evident that the people of the country are depressed, and outside the country, when the honour and independence is questioned, the Government manifest a total absence of all knowledge of foreign affairs, and matters connected with civilization.

